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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | |
|--|----------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|--|
| 10/073,888 | 02/14/2002 | Jong-Weon Moon | 8733.590.00 6732 | | |
| 30827 75 | 590 07/07/2003 | | | | |
| MCKENNA LONG & ALDRIDGE LLP 1900 K STREET, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20006 | | | EXAMINER | | |
| | | | DUONG, TAI V | | |
| | | • | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | |
| | | • | 2871 | | |

DATE MAILED: 07/07/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | Application No. | | Applicant(s) | | | | | |
|---|--|----------------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Office Action Summary | | 10/073,888 | Ĭ | MOON ET AL. | | | | | |
| | | Examiner | | Art Unit | | | | | |
| | | TAI DUONG | | 2871 | | | | | |
| | The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply | | | | | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status | | | | | | | | | |
| 1) | Responsive to communication(s) filed on | <u> </u> | | | | | | | |
| 2a) <u></u> ☐ | This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ T | This action is non- | final. | | | | | | |
| 3)□ | 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | | | | |
| Disposit | ion of Claims | | | | | | | | |
| 4)⊠ | Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application | | | | | | | | |
| | 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | | | | |
| 5)⊠ | Claim(s) <u>15-21</u> is/are allowed. | | | | | | | | |
| 6)⊠ | ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | | | | |
| 7)⊠ | Claim(s) <u>14</u> is/are objected to. | | | | | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers | | | | | | | | | |
| 9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | | | | |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | | | | | | | |
| 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner. | | | | | | | | | |
| If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action. | | | | | | | | | |
| 12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120 | | | | | | | | | |
| 13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). | | | | | | | | | |
| a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of: | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. | | | | | | | | |
| | 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | | | | |
| 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application). | | | | | | | | | |
| a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. | | | | | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | | | | | | | |
| 1) Notice 2) Notice | ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) | 4) [5) [0 Z . 6) [| Notice of Informal P | (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152 | | | | | |

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The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 5-8 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

A broad range or limitation together with a narrow range or limitation that falls within the broad range or limitation (in the same claim) is considered indefinite, since the resulting claim does not clearly set forth the metes and bounds of the patent protection desired. Note the explanation given by the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences in Ex parte Wu, 10 USPQ2d 2031, 2033 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989), as to where broad language is followed by "such as" and then narrow language. The Board stated that this can render a claim indefinite by raising a question or doubt as to whether the feature introduced by such language is (a) merely exemplary of the remainder of the claim, and therefore not required, or (b) a required feature of the claims. Note also, for example, the decisions of Ex parte Steigewald, 131 USPQ 74 (Bd. App. 1961); Ex parte Hall, 83 USPQ 38 (Bd. App. 1948); and Ex parte Hasche, 86 USPQ 481 (Bd. App. 1949). In the present instance, claims 5 and 19 recite the broad recitation "at least", and the claims also recite "consists of" which is the narrower statement of the range/limitation (the recited phrase "consists of at least"). The remaining claims are also rejected since they depend on the indefinite claims.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 2, 4, 5-9 and 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's Prior Art Figs. 1 and 2 (APA's Figs. 1 - 2) in view of Fukunaga et al.

In claim 8, the term "regions" is interpreted broadly as "layers".

APA's Figs. 1– 2 disclose a reflective LCD device similar to that of the instant claims except that the cholesteric color filter layer 32 is multi-layered and the LCD is an active matrix display comprising thin film transistors (TFTs) being connected to the (pixel) electrodes on the first substrate (specification, pages 6-7). Fukunaga et al disclose in Figs. 3, 11 and 16 that it was known to employ TFTs 22 and cholesteric color filter layers (27, 67, 87) comprising at least two layers. Thus, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to employ TFTs and cholesteric color filter layers comprising at least two layers in the device of APA's Figs. 1–2 for obtaining a reflective LCD device with good color saturation (due to the multi-layered structure) and high resolution with good contrast (TFTs).

Claims 3 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over APA's Figs. 1 - 2) and Fukunaga et al, as applied to claims 1 and 8 above, and further in view of Nakamura et al.

Nakamura et al disclose in Fig. 1 that it was known to employ TFTs at the cholesteric color filter 18a side (col. 5, lines 9-48). Thus, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to employ in the device cited in the rejection of claims

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1 and 8 above TFTs at the cholesteric color filter side for preventing color cross-talk between adjacent color sub-pixels.

Claim 14 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 15-21 are allowed over the prior art of record.

Claims 14 and 15-21 are allowable over the prior art of record because of the combination of the reflective LCD device of claim 8 with "the cholesteric liquid crystal color filter layer being multilayered".

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Tai Duong at telephone number 703 308-4873.

Huy Mai
Primary Examiner

TVD